

Venison Supply Systems

'research for a profitable and sustainable industry'

Project Delivery Progress

1 October 2007 – 20 February 2008



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Farming, Food and Health. First

Te Ahawhenua, Te Kai me te Whai Ora, Tuatahi



Objective 1: Venison market supply systems

Projects:

- (a) Oestrous cyclicity of Eastern/Western genotypes
- (b) Genetics of seasonality
- (c) Rumen development
- (d) Immunological control
of antler growth
- (e) Strategies to achieve early calving



Objective 2: Enhance on-farm productivity from venison systems

Projects:

- (a) Diagnosis and pathogenicity of parasitism in deer
- (b) Focus Farms



Objective 3: Environmentally responsible deer systems

Projects:

- (a) Muddy deer (completed)
- (b) Extensive (high-country) of deer systems
- (c) Urination sensing tool



1(a) Oestrous cyclicity of Eastern/Western genotypes



Status : On track

Aim : Characterise differences in the onset and cessation of the breeding season between genotypes.

- Oestrous cyclicity of Eastern (*hippelaphus*), Western (*scoticus*) and F₁ hinds
- Year 1 : Pubertal hinds (2007) ... completed
Year 2 : Adult hinds (2008) ... underway
- Year 1 plasma progesterone profile completed and oestrous cycle data characterised.
- ISSUES : Clinical Johne's Disease (Easterns)



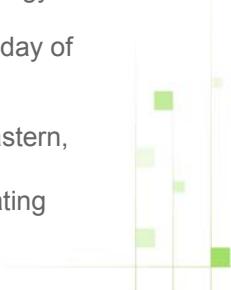
1(b) Genetics of seasonality



Status : On track

Aim : Understand the genetics of early conception traits in red deer

- Conception date scanning for early breeding hind phenotypes is continuing in 2008 across 4 pedigreed herds
- Large database in preparation for SNP-chip technology
- Early analysis indicates a heritability of conception day of 0.41....very exciting !
- MTRR1A gene has been sequenced in English, Eastern, Wapiti & Pere David's deer – 5 single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) identified but not discriminating within European red deer strains

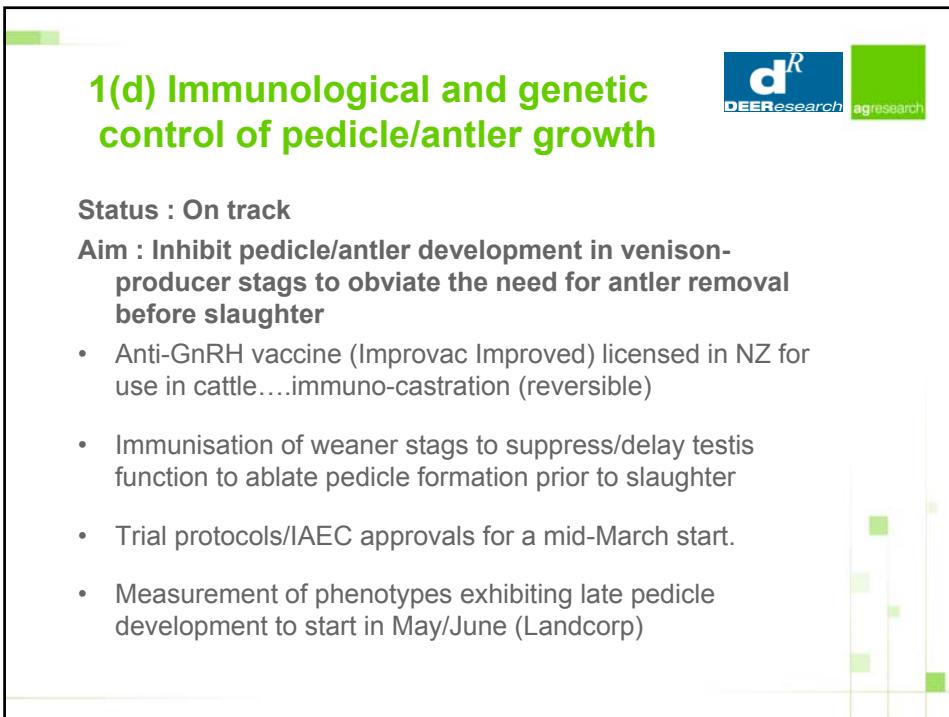


1(c) Rumen development

Status : On track

Aim : Influence early rumen development to improve red deer calf growth in their first autumn.

- . Year 1 study completed....GI tract development characterised (Kirsty Hammond ; Gerben Hofstera)
- . Year 2 study underway....manipulation of early rumen development (soluble fibre , long-chain sugars and appetite stimulants)....to enhance the ability of calves to utilise nutrients before and after weaning.



1(d) Immunological and genetic control of pedicle/antler growth

d^R
DEERresearch agresearch

Status : On track

Aim : Inhibit pedicle/antler development in venison-producer stags to obviate the need for antler removal before slaughter

- Anti-GnRH vaccine (Improvac Improved) licensed in NZ for use in cattle....immuno-castration (reversible)
- Immunisation of weaner stags to suppress/delay testis function to ablate pedicle formation prior to slaughter
- Trial protocols/IAEC approvals for a mid-March start.
- Measurement of phenotypes exhibiting late pedicle development to start in May/June (Landcorp)

1(e) Strategies to achieve early calving

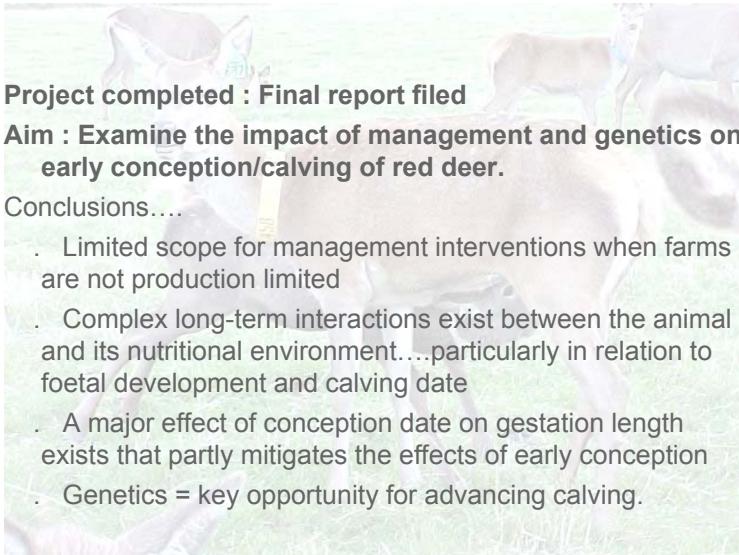


Project completed : Final report filed

Aim : Examine the impact of management and genetics on early conception/calving of red deer.

Conclusions....

- Limited scope for management interventions when farms are not production limited
- Complex long-term interactions exist between the animal and its nutritional environment....particularly in relation to foetal development and calving date
- A major effect of conception date on gestation length exists that partly mitigates the effects of early conception
- Genetics = key opportunity for advancing calving.



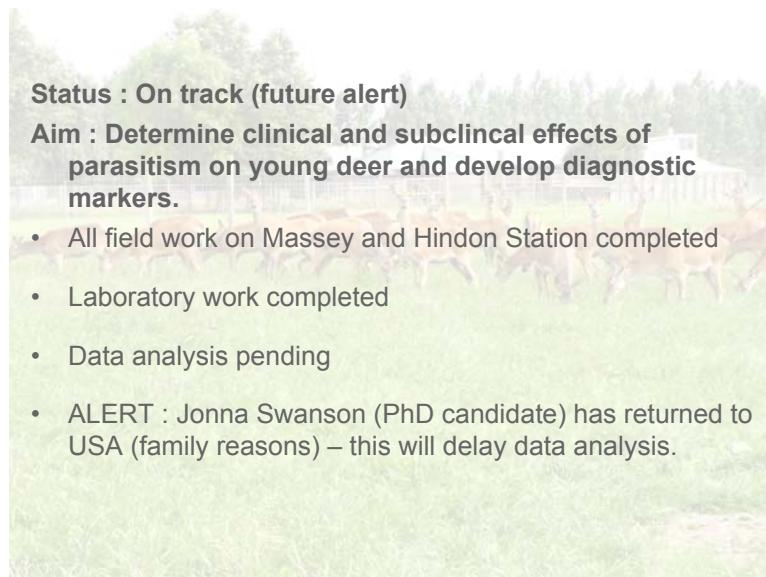
2(a) Diagnosis and pathogenicity of parasitism in deer



Status : On track (future alert)

Aim : Determine clinical and subclinical effects of parasitism on young deer and develop diagnostic markers.

- All field work on Massey and Hindon Station completed
- Laboratory work completed
- Data analysis pending
- ALERT : Jonna Swanson (PhD candidate) has returned to USA (family reasons) – this will delay data analysis.



2(b) Focus Farms



Status : On track

Aim : Improve on-farm productivity through improved knowledge/technology adoption.

- Three new Focus Farms establish
 - Rotorua, Hawkes Bay, South Canterbury
 - Fourth Focus Farm (Mid Canterbury) still undergoing selection
 - Two existing Focus Farms (SFF funding) in Otago/Southland in operation for another year.

Tony Pearse has provided update

3(a) Muddy deer (Effects of wintering management of deer on water quality)



Project completed : Final report filed

Aim : To examine the effects of different wintering systems on muddy deer and contamination to waterways

- Overland flow from grazed areas during winter has potential to adversely impact water quality.
- *E. coli*, ammoniacal-N and DRP are of greatest concern.
- These issues are not restricted to deer farming alone.



3(b) Extensification of deer systems

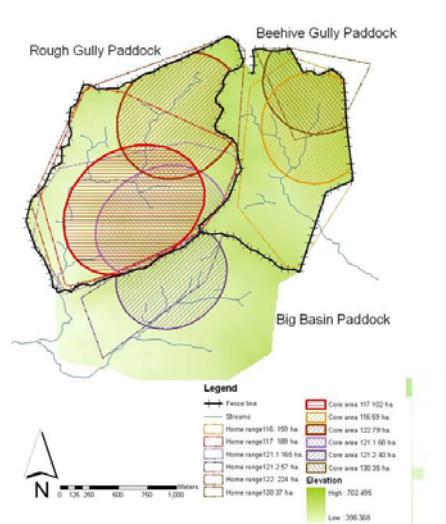


Status : On track (new project leader)

Aim : Understand habitat utilisation of extensive high-country rangelands by farmed deer.

- 2006/07 calving season data from Haycock's Station analysed
- Lay publication in The Deer Farming Annual
- MSc thesis completed (Michael Netzer, Otago)
- GPS collars placed on hinds in October 2007 for recovery in April 2008...How does social ranking of hinds influence their home-range over calving ?
 - We will review the methodology of this project

GPS Study at Haycocks Station



3(c) Urination sensing tool

Status : Struggling to stay on track.

Aim : Develop an intra-vaginal device that logs urination events of red deer hinds.

- . Major technical hurdles
- . Go/No Go point on 31 March signalled
- . If 'No Go', what alternative methodologies will we use to measure urine/nitrogen deposition within the environment ?
.....or **discontinue** and **reallocate** resources to other projects.

Programme Highlights 2007/08

- . FRST re-contracting for 6 years !!!!!!!
- . Higher profile of science within the industry
- . University collaborations....very positive outcomes
- . Publication outputs are high (despite FRST bidding)
- . End of the EOI era (phew)
- . A feeling of being fully connected with industry

Issues (not problems)

- . Capability growth and retention within agricultural sciences
 - ...graduates not moving into post-graduate studies
 - ...reliance on overseas students to 'do the work'
- . Staff turnover...normal event but can leave small teams
 - struggling to meet project commitments
- . Staying ahead of inflation with a fixed budget
 - ...allocation of some staff time to 'non-deer' projects
- . Loss of venison processing research from FRST contract
 - ...keep interaction with Eva Wiklund

New opportunities

Science is forever moving forward...new opportunities spring up overnight.

- . 6-year planning of milestones is indicative of outputs
- . How flexible are we ?

New genetic technologies arriving at a stunning pace.

New breakthroughs in fundamental science.

eg. 'kisspeptin' (human C-terminal Kiss 1 decapeptide)
....newly discovered peptide that
seemingly regulates GnRH release , thus
controlling seasonality in mammals